

# VLU treatment guide\*

For less complex wounds (ABPI 0.8-1.3, Area <100cm<sup>2</sup> and wound has been present <6 months)

## 1. Cleanse and debride

Select a gentle skin cleanser with a pH close to that of the skin to clean the wound bed and surrounding skin. Debride the wound to remove slough and devitalized tissue. Remove skin plaques on surrounding skin.



Granudacyn®



Mepi™ Debripad

## 2. Dress the wound

Choose a dressing with a silicone interface to protect the wound and the surrounding skin, while effectively absorbing exudate.

### Is the wound infected?

Antimicrobial dressings may be used for a short period to manage wound infections. If there is concern that the wound is infected, consult local protocols or seek guidance from a specialist nurse.

### Exudate level

For moderate to high exudate, use foam dressings. For higher levels of exudate, consider a combination of products such as wound contact layer and superabsorbent dressings.

### Not infected



Mepilex® Up



Mepitel®

+



Mextra® Superabsorbent

### Infected



Exufiber® Ag

+



Mepilex® Up

## 3. Moisturise

Apply an emollient to the surrounding skin to maintain skin integrity.



Epaderm® Cream



Epaderm® Ointment

## 4. Compress

Compression therapy to improve healing and prevent recurrences.



Mepi™ Press 2  
ABPI  
0.8-1.3



Mepi™ Press 2 Lite  
ABPI  
0.6-0.8

## Engage your patient

Encourage your patients to stay active and mobile, and offer advice on nutrition and healthy life style.



**Safetac® technology. Less damage. Less pain.** Dressings with Safetac® are clinically demonstrated to minimise damage to the wound and skin at removal<sup>1-8</sup>. Pain at dressing change is minimised<sup>1-6,9</sup>.

\*Harding K, et al. Simplifying venous leg ulcer management. Consensus recommendations. Wounds International 2015.

1. Van Overschelde, P. et al. A randomised controlled trial comparing two wound dressings used after elective hip and knee arthroplasty. Poster presentation at 5th Congress of the WUWHS, Florence, Italy, 2016. 2. Silverstein P. et al. An open, parallel, randomized, comparative, multicenter study to evaluate the cost-effectiveness, performance, tolerance, and safety of a silver-containing soft silicone foam. Journal of Burn Care and Research, 2011. 3. Gee Kee E.L. et al. Randomized controlled trial of three burns dressings for partial thickness burns in children. Burns, 2014. 4. David F. et al. A randomised, controlled, non-inferiority trial comparing the performance of a soft silicone-coated wound contact layer (Mepitel One) with a lipidocolloid wound contact layer (UrgoTul) in the treatment of acute wounds. International Wound Journal, 2017. 5. Patton M.L. et al. An open, prospective, randomized pilot investigation evaluating pain with the use of a soft silicone wound contact layer vs bridal veil and staples on split thickness skin grafts as a primary dressing. Journal of burn care & research, 2013. 6. Bredow J. et al. Evaluation of Absorbent Versus Conventional Wound Dressing. A Randomized Controlled Study in Orthopedic Surgery. Deutsche Arzteblatt International, 2018. 7. Meaume S. et al. A study to compare a new self-adherent soft silicone dressing with a self-adherent polymer dressing in stage II pressure ulcers. Ostomy Wound Management, 2003. 8. Herst P. et al. Prophylactic use of Mepitel Film prevents radiation-induced moist desquamation in an intra-patient randomised controlled clinical trial of 78 breast cancer patients. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 2014. 9. Gotschall C.S. et al. Prospective, randomized study of the efficacy of Mepitel on children with partial-thickness scalds. Journal of Burn Care & Rehabilitation, 1998.

Find out more at [www.molnlycke.com](http://www.molnlycke.com)

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